

This protocol is intended to provide the clinician with a guideline for the postoperative rehabilitation course of a patient who has undergone <u>Flexor tendon repair zone</u> IV-V. General time frames are given for reference to the average, but individual patients will progress at different rates depending on their age, comorbidities, presurgical range of motion, strength, health/functional status, rehabilitation compliance, learning barriers and complications. Specific time frames, restrictions and precautions are given to protect healing tissues and surgical reconstruction.

KCOA office number: (913) 319-7600



Phase I (3 to 5 days to 3 weeks after surgery)

Conservative

Early Active

Rehabilitation appointments Rehabilitation goals and priorities	 Twice per week for the first 4-6 weeks Remove post op dressings and fabricate orthosis Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions Wound care Edema management Protected ROM 	 Twice per week for the first 4-6 weeks Remove post op dressings and fabricate orthosis Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions Wound care Edema management Protected ROM
Suggested therapeutic exercises	 Passive digit flexion with active digit extension Passive MCP flexion with A/PROM IP extension Passive (or gravity assisted wrist flexion, followed by active extension to orthotic limits (tenodesis exercise) Isolated active FDS glide of unaffected fingers Exercises should be performed every 2 hours, 10-15 repetitions 	 Passive digit flexion with active digit extension Passive MCP flexion with A/PROM IP extension Passive (or gravity assisted wrist flexion, followed by active extension to orthotic limits (tenodesis exercise) Progressive active fisting starting with 1/3 fist. Each week for progress active fisting Isolated active FDS glide of unaffected fingers Exercises should be performed every 2 hours, 10-15 repetitions
Precautions	 Wound precautions No passive wrist extension and composite finger extension No functional use of the involved upper extremity 	 Wound precautions No passive wrist extension and composite finger extension No functional use of the involved upper extremity

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Orthotic management	Custom thermoplastic dorsal blocking WHFO	Custom thermoplastic dorsal blocking
	with wrist in 20-30 degrees of flexion, MCPs	WHFO with wrist in 20 -30 degrees of
	at 60 degrees flexion, and IPs in full	extension, MCPs at 30 degrees flexion,
	extension	and IPs in full extension
	Wear all the time	Wear all the time
	If the ulnar and/or median nerve is repaired,	If the ulnar and/or median nerve is
	position wrist in 30 degrees of wrist flexion.	repaired, position wrist in 30 degrees
	Increase by 10 degrees of extension each	of wrist flexion. Increase by 10 degrees
	week stopping at neutral wrist.	of extension each week stopping at
	If the ulnar nerve is repaired block MCP	neutral wrist.
	joints of the ring and small finger from	If the ulnar nerve is repaired block
	hyperextension.	MCP joints of the ring and small finger
	If the median nerve is repaired, a night first	from hyperextension.
	webspacer is recommended	If the median nerve is repaired, a night
		first webspacer is recommended
		Strickland's percentage
Progression criteria	Strickland's percentage	Progress active exercises in a
		pain/tension-free manner

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Phase II (3 weeks after surgery)

Conservative Early Active

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Rehabilitation appointments	Twice per week or per therapist discretion	Twice per week or per therapist discretion
Rehabilitation goals and priorities Suggested therapeutic exercises	 Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions Edema management Scar management Initiated non-thermal US at 2-3 weeks Initiate active tendon glides	 Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions Edema management Scar management Initiated non-thermal US at 2-3 weeks NMES may be initiated to enhance excursion of long flexors Active ¾ fist or full composite fist Initiated active tendon glides Initiated active full finger extension with tendon glides out of orthosis Initiated gentle IP blocking Initiated gentle wrist AROM out of orthosis with fingers relaxed If median and/or ulnar nerve is repair, limit active wrist extension to 30 degrees
Precautions	 No passive wrist extension and composite finger extension No functional use of the involved upper extremity 	 No passive wrist extension and composite finger extension No functional use of the involved upper extremity
Orthotic management	 Modify orthosis to position the wrist in neutral or slight extension. Wear all the time except for bathing. Do not use the hand while bathing. 	Wear all the time except for bathing and exercises. Do not use the hand while bathing
Progression criteria	 Strickland's percentage Progress active exercises in a pain/tension-free manner 	 Strickland's percentage Progress active exercises in a pain/tension-free manner
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Phase III (4 weeks after surgery)

Conservative Early Active

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Rehabilitation appointments	Twice per week or per therapist discretion	Twice per week or per therapist discretion
Rehabilitation goals and priorities	 Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions Edema management Scar management NMES may be initiated to enhance excursion of long flexors 	 Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions Edema management Scar management Initiate light functional activities with the hand
Suggested therapeutic exercises Precautions	 Initiated active full finger extension with tendon glides out of orthosis Initiated gentle IP blocking Initiated gentle wrist AROM out of orthosis with fingers relaxed If median and/or ulnar nerve is repair, limit active wrist extension to 30 degrees No passive wrist extension and composite finger extension No functional use of the involved upper extremity 	 If median/ulnar nerve, repair perform AROM wrist extension to 45 degrees with full flexion No passive wrist extension and composite finger extension No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 1-2 pounds with the involved upper extremity
Orthotic management	Wear all the time except for bathing and exercises. Do not use the hand while bathing.	 Wear all the time except for bathing, exercises, and light activities. Initiate light activities that are thoughtful and safe within weight restriction.
Progression criteria	 Strickland's percentage Progress active exercises in a pain/tension-free manner 	 Strickland's percentage Progress active exercises in a pain/tension-free manner

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Phase IV (5 weeks after surgery)

Conservative Early Active

Rehabilitation appointments	Twice per week or per therapist discretion	Twice per week or per therapist discretion
Rehabilitation goals and priorities	 Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions Edema management Scar management NMES may be initiated to enhance excursion of long flexors 	 Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions Edema management Scar management Continue light functional activities with the hand
Suggested therapeutic exercises		Initiated passive finger extension and wrist extension as needed
Precautions	 No passive wrist extension and composite finger extension No functional use of the involved upper extremity 	No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 1-2 pounds with the involved upper extremity
Orthotic management	Wear all the time except for bathing and exercises. Do not use the hand while bathing.	 Wear all the time except for bathing, exercises, and light activities. Continue to wean from orthosis and use of hand with light functional activities
Progression criteria	 Strickland's percentage Progress active exercises in a pain/tension-free manner 	 Strickland's percentage Progress active/passive exercises in a pain/tension-free manner

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Phase V (6 weeks after surgery)

Conservative Early Active

Rehabilitation appointments	1x/week or per therapist discretion	1x/week or per therapist discretion
Rehabilitation goals and priorities	 Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions Edema management Scar management 	 Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions Edema management Scar management
Suggested therapeutic exercises	Initiated passive finger extension and wrist extension as needed	Initiate wrist isometrics
Precautions	No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 1-2 pounds with the involved upper extremity	No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 2-5 pounds with the involved upper extremity
Orthotic management	 Wear all the time except for bathing, exercises, and light activities. Wean from orthosis and use of hand with light functional activities 	 Discontinue orthosis Can transition to wrist orthosis at night Continue median and/or ulnar nerve orthoses prn
Progression criteria	Per pain tolerance and ROM	Per pain tolerance and ROM

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Phase VI (7 weeks after surgery)

Conservative Early Active

Rehabilitation appointments	1x/week or per therapist discretion	1x/week or per therapist discretion
Rehabilitation goals and priorities	 Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions Edema management Scar management 	 Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions Edema management Scar management
Suggested therapeutic exercises	Initiate wrist isometrics	Progressive strengthening of the hand and wrist
Precautions	No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 1-2 pounds with the involved upper extremity	No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 2-5 pounds with the involved upper extremity
Orthotic management	 Wear all the time except for bathing, exercises, and light activities. Continue to wean from orthosis and use of hand with light functional activities 	
Progression criteria	Per pain tolerance and ROM	Per pain tolerance and ROM

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Phase VII (8 weeks after surgery)

Conservative Early Active

Rehabilitation appointments	1x/week or per therapist discretion	1x/week or per therapist discretion
Rehabilitation goals and priorities	 Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions Edema management Scar management 	 Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions Edema management Scar management
Suggested therapeutic exercises	Progressive strengthening of the hand and wrist	Progressive strengthening of the hand and wrist
Precautions	No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 2-5 pounds with the involved upper extremity	 No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 2-5 pounds with the involved upper extremity
Orthotic management	 Discontinue orthosis Can wear wrist orthosis at night Continue median and/or ulnar nerve orthoses prn 	
Progression criteria	Per pain tolerance and ROM	Per pain tolerance and ROM

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Phase VIII (10-12 weeks after surgery)

Conservative

Early Active

Rehabilitation appointments	As needed	As needed
Rehabilitation goals and priorities	 Return to all activities with the involved hand Progressively get back to heavy work and leisure activities 	 Return to all activities with the involved hand Progressively get back to heavy work and leisure activities
Suggested therapeutic exercises	Strengthening to address heavy work and/or leisure activities	 Strengthening to address heavy work and/or leisure activities No restrictions
Orthotic management	 No restrictions Discontinue orthosis Continue median and/or ulnar nerve orthoses prn 	
Progression criteria	Per pain tolerance and ROM	Per pain tolerance and ROM

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Additional Notes

Scar management is very important in Zone IV-V. These zones have a high risk of scar adherence. Performing exercises every two hours or every hour is recommended as well as early scar management.

If nerve injury present:

- *If ulnar nerve is involved, when fabricating the orthosis, included MCPJ of ring and small finger blocked at 45 degrees of flexion.
- *If the median nerve is repair, a web spacer or C-bar orthosis should be worn at night until thenar function has returned. Initially a web spacer orthosis is not needed due to the thumb opponens orthosis positioning the thumb in abduction.
- *Sensory re-education is very important to perform early in the rehabilitation process. Mirror therapy has been shown to be a sensory re-education intervention. It can be performed early or late in sensory re-education phase. Functional sensory tasks and activities are important to implement to help the hand relearn functional tasks.
- *Due to poor sensory input, patient and therapist must monitor skin closely. Patient may develop pressure sores due to orthosis without knowing.
- *NMES is recommended to stimulate thenar muscles. Intrinsic muscles in the hand may not return and tendon transfers will need to be performed.

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