

This protocol is intended to provide the clinician with a guideline for the postoperative rehabilitation course of a patient who has undergone <u>tendon transfer of palmaris longus</u> (PL) or extensor indicis pollicis (EIP) to increase <u>thumb extension</u>. General time frames are given for reference to the average, but individual patients will progress at different rates depending on their age, comorbidities, pre-surgical range of motion, strength, health/functional status, rehabilitation compliance, learning barriers and complications. Specific time frames, restrictions and precautions are given to protect healing tissues and surgical reconstruction.

Extensor pollicis longus (EPL) tendon actively achieves full thumb extension starting at the distal joint. Acute rupture or laceration of EPL will result in a repair but when a repair option is not appropriate due to extensive damage a tendon transfer is needed. Sometimes a nutritional deficiency can also rupture. A nutritional deficiency is related to spontaneous rupture of EPL weeks to months after distal radius fracture at Lister's tubercule, chronic synovitis or tenosynovitis of EPL tendon, and in patient with Rheumatoid arthritis. In these cases, a tendon transfer of either palmaris longus (PL) or extensor indicis pollicis (EIP) is performed to regain active thumb extension. The surgeon will choose which tendon transfer is

#### **Postoperative Guidelines**

#### **Surgical Indication**

- Significant laceration of EPL tendon with damage
- Delayed repair of EPL tendon
- Nutritional deficiency rupture of EPL tendon

#### Return to Work

The timeline for returning to work can vary depending on the type of work performed, various accommodations that may be available within your work environment, and any postoperative complications. Your surgeon will discuss the timeline for returning to work after consideration of these factors.



#### Phase I (initial)

	Conservative	Early Active
Rehabilitation appointments	• 1-2x/week or per therapist discretion	• 1-2x/week or per therapist discretion
Rehabilitation goals and priorities	<ul> <li>10-14 days after surgery</li> <li>Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions</li> <li>Edema management</li> <li>Scar management</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3-4 days after surgery</li> <li>Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions</li> <li>Edema management</li> <li>Scar management</li> </ul>
Suggested therapeutic exercises	ROM of uninvolved joints	<ul> <li>While protecting the thumb IP and MCP joints in full extension perform short arc of motion of wrist flexion and extension for proximal gliding of the tendon transfer</li> <li>With the thumb and wrist in extension, perform AROM IPJ flexion and extension with an emphasis on extension</li> <li>ROM of uninvolved joints</li> </ul>
Precautions	<ul> <li>No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 2 pounds with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No weightbearing with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No AROM and functional use of the involved thumb</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 2 pounds with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No weightbearing with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No functional use of the involved thumb</li> </ul>
Orthotic management	<ul> <li>Fabricate thermoplastic wrist/hand/finger orthosis (thumb spica) with IPJ included in hyperextension and wrist 30 degrees of extension and thumb in retroposition</li> <li>Wear orthosis all the time</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fabricate thermoplastic wrist/hand/finger orthosis (thumb spica) with IPJ included in hyperextension and wrist 30 degrees of extension and thumb in retroposition</li> <li>Wear orthosis all the time except for exercises and bathing</li> </ul>



#### Phase II (2 weeks after surgery)

#### Early Active

Rehabilitation appointments	1-2x/week or per therapist discretion
Rehabilitation goals and priorities	<ul> <li>Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions</li> <li>Edema management</li> <li>Scar management</li> </ul>
Suggested therapeutic exercises	<ul> <li>Initiate AROM thumb opposition with emphasis on extension with wrist in extension</li> <li>Continue with past exercises</li> </ul>
Precautions	<ul> <li>No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 2 pounds with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No weightbearing with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No functional use of the involved thumb</li> </ul>
Orthotic management	Continue to wear orthosis all the time except for bathing and exercises
Progression criteria	<ul> <li>If the exercise above is easy for patient (due to lack of adhesions), consider holding on this exercise for 1 additional week</li> </ul>



#### Phase II/III (3 weeks)

	Conservative	Early Active
Rehabilitation appointments	• 1-2x/week or per therapist discretion	• 1-2x/week or per therapist discretion
Rehabilitation goals and priorities	<ul> <li>Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions</li> <li>Edema management</li> <li>Scar management</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions</li> <li>Edema management</li> <li>Scar management</li> </ul>
Suggested therapeutic exercises	<ul> <li>While protecting the thumb IP and MCP joints in full extension perform short arc of motion of wrist flexion and extension for proximal gliding of the tendon transfer</li> <li>With the thumb and wrist in extension, perform AROM IPJ flexion and extension with an emphasis on extension</li> <li>Initiate AROM thumb opposition to index and middle finger</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Initiate or continue to progress thumb opposition</li> <li>Consider mid-range grasp and release with plastic cup to initiate functional thumb extension</li> <li>If EIP used, stimulate tendon transfer with active IF extension isolated</li> </ul>
Precautions	<ul> <li>No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 2 pounds with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No weightbearing with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No functional use of the involved thumb</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 2 pounds with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No weightbearing with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No functional use of the involved thumb</li> </ul>
Orthotic management	Wear orthosis all the time except for bathing     and exercises	Wear orthosis all the time except for     exercises and bathing



#### Phase III/IV (4 weeks)

	Conservative	Early Active
Rehabilitation appointments	• 1-2x/week or per therapist discretion	• 1-2x/week or per therapist discretion
Rehabilitation goals and priorities	<ul> <li>Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions</li> <li>Edema management</li> <li>Scar management</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions</li> <li>Edema management</li> <li>Scar management</li> </ul>
Suggested therapeutic exercises	<ul> <li>Initiate full AROM of the thumb</li> <li>Consider mid-range grasp and release with plastic cup to initiate functional thumb extension</li> <li>If EIP used, stimulate tendon transfer with active IF extension isolated</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Initiate full AROM of the thumb</li> <li>Perform gentle active combined finger and thumb motion to decrease extrinsic tightness</li> <li>If PL was use, simulate the tendon transfer by perform wrist flexion and thumb extension</li> <li>Initiate isometric strengthening of thumb and wrist</li> </ul>
Precautions	<ul> <li>No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 2 pounds with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No weightbearing with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No functional use of the involved thumb</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 2 pounds with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No weightbearing with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No functional use of the involved thumb</li> </ul>
Orthotic management	Wear orthosis all the time except for bathing and exercises	Wear orthosis all the time except for     exercises and bathing
Progression criteria	<ul> <li>Per pain tolerance</li> <li>Progress if no extensor lag of IP joint is present</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Per pain tolerance</li> <li>Progress if no extensor lag of IP joint is present</li> </ul>



### Phase V (5 weeks)

Rehabilitation appointments	• 1-2x/week or per therapist discretion
Rehabilitation goals and priorities	<ul> <li>Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions. Initiate participation functional light activities that promote thumb extension and flexion</li> <li>Edema management</li> <li>Scar management</li> </ul>
Suggested therapeutic exercises	<ul> <li>Intergrade light functional therapeutic activities for grasp and release and pinch and release</li> </ul>
Precautions	<ul> <li>No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 2-5 pounds with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No weightbearing with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No aggressive pinching and gripping</li> </ul>
Orthotic management	<ul> <li>Wean from orthosis. Perform light activities with no orthosis in place with emphasis on thumb flexion and extension with activities. Continue to wear at night and moderate/heavy activities</li> </ul>
Progression criteria	<ul> <li>Per ability and pain tolerance</li> <li>If IPJ extensor lag present, do not progress</li> </ul>

Early Active



### Phase IV/VI (6 weeks)

	Conservative	Early Active
Rehabilitation appointments	• 1-2x/week or per therapist discretion	• 1-2x/week or per therapist discretion
Rehabilitation goals and priorities	<ul> <li>Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions</li> <li>Edema management</li> <li>Scar management</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Activities of daily living (ADLs) per restrictions</li> <li>Edema management</li> <li>Scar management</li> </ul>
Suggested therapeutic exercises	<ul> <li>Perform gentle active combined finger and thumb motion to decrease extrinsic tightness</li> <li>If PL was use, simulate the tendon transfer by perform wrist flexion and thumb extension</li> <li>Perform AA/PROM independent thumb and wrist</li> <li>Isometric thumb and wrist strengthening</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>PROM of the wrist and thumb independent and then progress to combined if needed</li> </ul>
Precautions	<ul> <li>No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 2 pounds with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No weightbearing with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No aggressive pinching or gripping</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 2-5 pounds with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No weightbearing with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No aggressive pinching or gripping</li> </ul>
Orthotic management	<ul> <li>Wean from orthosis. Perform light activities with no orthosis in place with emphasis on thumb flexion and extension with activities. Continue to wear at night and moderate/heavy activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Wean from orthosis and perform all activities within restrictions. Wear orthosis at night.</li> <li>Dynamic or static progressive orthosis to increase ROM if needed</li> </ul>
Progression criteria	<ul> <li>Per ability and pain tolerance</li> <li>If IPJ extensor lag present, do not progress</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Per ability and pain tolerance</li><li>If IPJ extensor lag present, do not progress</li></ul>



Phase VII (7 weeks)	Early Active	
Rehabilitation appointments	• 1-2x/week or per therapist discretion	
Rehabilitation goals and priorities	Perform all activities of daily living with involved thumb/hand within restrictions	
Suggested therapeutic exercises	<ul> <li>Initiate resistive strengthening pinching and gripping</li> </ul>	
Precautions	<ul> <li>No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 5 pounds with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No weightbearing with involved upper extremity</li> </ul>	
Orthotic management	<ul> <li>Discontinue orthosis. Can consider use of oval-8 to support IPJ in extension to decrease tension of tendon at night or with heavy activities</li> </ul>	
Progression criteria	<ul> <li>Per ability and pain tolerance</li> <li>If IPJ extensor lag present, do not progress</li> </ul>	



#### Phase V/VIII (8 weeks)

	Conservative	Early Active
Rehabilitation appointments	• 1-2x/week or per therapist discretion	• 1-2x/week or per therapist discretion
Rehabilitation goals and priorities	<ul> <li>Perform all activities of daily living with involved thumb/hand within restrictions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Perform all activities of daily living with involved thumb/hand within restrictions</li> </ul>
Suggested therapeutic exercises	<ul><li>Initiate PROM combined of wrist and thumb</li><li>Initiate resistive strengthening</li></ul>	<ul><li>Continue Strengthening</li><li>Progress to weightbearing</li></ul>
Precautions	<ul> <li>No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 5 pounds with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No weightbearing with involved upper extremity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No lifting, pushing, or pulling more than 5 pounds with involved upper extremity</li> <li>No weightbearing with involved upper extremity</li> </ul>
Orthotic management	<ul> <li>Wean from orthosis and perform all activities within restrictions. Wear orthosis at night.</li> <li>Dynamic or static progressive orthosis to increase ROM if needed</li> </ul>	• As needed
Progression criteria	<ul><li>Per ability and pain tolerance</li><li>If IPJ extensor lag present, do not progress</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Per ability and pain tolerance</li> <li>If IPJ extensor lag present, do not progress</li> </ul>



### Phase VI/IX (10-12 weeks)

	Conservative	Early Active
Rehabilitation appointments	As needed	As needed
Rehabilitation goals and priorities	<ul> <li>Perform all activities of daily living with involved thumb/hand. Initiate participationleisure and heavy work activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Perform all activities of daily living with involved thumb/hand within restrictions.</li> <li>Initiate participation in leisure and heavy work activities</li> </ul>
Suggested therapeutic exercises	<ul> <li>Progress to weightbearing</li> <li>Continue strengthening</li> <li>Progress to leisure and heavy work strengthening</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Progress to leisure and heavy work strengthening</li> </ul>
Precautions	No restrictions at 12 weeks	No restrictions at 10 weeks
Orthotic management	Discontinue, as needed	As needed
Progression criteria	<ul><li>Per ability and pain tolerance</li><li>If IPJ extensor lag present, do not progress</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Per ability and pain tolerance</li> <li>If IPJ extensor lag present, do not progress</li> </ul>



#### **Additional Notes**

An exercise for facilitating IP joint extension is to passively flex the wrist and thumb MP joint while actively extending the thumb IP joint. Progress exercises by gradually extending the wrist, keeping the MP joint flexed while instructing patient to actively extend the IP joint.

Be careful to avoid passive stretching or allowing a patient to passively stretch the thumb too early as this could lead to overstretching the tendon, making it less effective at extending the IP joint.

Consider progressing faster actively if there is significant scar tissue formation that is limiting the tendon from gliding.

Initiate NMES at 4 weeks to increase activation of tendon transfer.